

25. LAW

1. Constitutional Law of India

- Preamble
- Fundamental Rights and Duties.
- Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Judiciary
- Executive
- Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and States.
- Role of Election Commission in Democratic Process.
- Emergency Provisions.
- Amendment of the Constitution.

2. Legal Theory

- Sources of Law.
- Positivism, Natural Law Theory, Sociological School.
- Law and Morality
- Legal Concepts: Rights and Duties, Person, Possession and Ownership.

3. Public International Law

- Nature of International Law and its relationship with Municipal Law.
- Sources of International Law.
- Recognition of States and Governments.
- Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and Status of Refugees.
- United Nations.
- Settlement of International Disputes.

4. Family Law (Hindu Law and Muslim Law)

- Sources.
- Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage.
- Adoption and Guardianship.
- Maintenance.

5. Law of Contracts : General Principles

- Offer, acceptance and consideration.
- Capacity to Contract : Minor's contract.
- Elements vitiating contract- Coercion, Undue Influence, Fraud, Misrepresentation, Mistake,
- Unlawful consideration and Object
- Frustration of Contract.
- Remedies for breach of contract.

6. Law of Torts

- Nature and Definition of Tort.
- Principles of Tortious Liability.
- General Defenses.
- Vicarious Liability, Strict, and Absolute.
- Specific Torts: Negligence, Nuisance and Defamation.
- Damages in Torts.
- Consumerism and Redressal of Consumer Grievances.

7. Law of Crimes : General Principles

- Meaning, Nature, Essentials and Stages of Offence.
- General Exceptions
- Joint Liability (Common Intention and Common Object), Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy.
- Offences against Human Body.
- Offences against Property.
- Offences against Women.

8. Labour Law

- Concepts - Industry, Industrial Dispute and Workman.
- Trade Unions - Rights and Immunities of Registered Trade Union; Registration and its advantages.
- Methods for Settlement of Industrial Disputes under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.
- Strike and Lockout as Instruments of Collective Bargaining.
- Retrenchment, Lay – off and Closures.

9. Administrative Law

- Nature, Scope and Importance of Administrative Law.
- Principles of Natural Justice.
- Administrative Discretion and its Control.
- Judicial Review of Administrative Action- Writ Jurisdiction.
- Lokpal and Lokayukta.

10. Environmental Law

- Environmental Pollution- Meaning of Environment, Environmental Pollution, Kinds of Pollution.
- Legislative Measures for Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution in India.
- Remedies for Environmental Pollution- Civil, Criminal and Constitutional.
- International Developments for protection of Environment.
- Importance of Forests and Wildlife in Protecting Environment.
- Environmental Impact Assessment and Control of Hazardous Substances.

11. Company Law, Partnership and Sale of Goods

- Companies Act, 2013; Salient Features, Directors, Doctrine of Indoor Management and Ultra Vires, Winding Up.
- Partnership Act : Formation and Dissolution.
- Sale of Goods Act : Sale and Agreement to Sell, Conditions and Warranties, Rights of Unpaid Seller.
- Negotiable Instruments Act : Definitions, Dishonor of Cheques, Remedies.

12. Human Rights

- Concept and Development of Human Rights.
- Contribution of United Nations in the Development and Implementation of Human Rights
- Implementation of Human Rights in India- Role of National Human Rights Commission.
- Protection of Marginalized Groups- Women, Children, Minorities and Senior Citizens.